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Recombinant Mouse EFNB2

Catalog#:P00333 Derived from Human Cells

	Catalog#.1 00353 Derived Holli Hullian Cens
DESCRIPTION	Recombinant Mouse Ephrin- B2 is produced by our Mammalian expression system and the target gene encoding Arg29-Glu227 is expressed with a Fc, 6His tag at the C-terminus. Accession#: P52800
	Known as : Ephrin- B2; ELF-2; EPH-related receptor tyrosine kinase ligand 5; HTK ligand; Elf2; Epl5; Eplg5; Htkl; Lerk5
FORMULATION	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.4.
SHIPPING	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
STORAGE	Lyophilized protein should be stored at<-20°C, though stable at roor temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
RECONSTITUTION	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
QUALITY	Mol Mass:49.6kDa AP Mol Mass:65-80kDa, reducing conditions. Purity: Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
CONTROL	Endotoxin: Less than 0.1 ng/μg (1 EU/μg) as determined by LAL test.
BACKGROUND	Ephrin- B2 is a single-pass type I membrane protein and it contains 1 ephrin RBD (ephrin receptor-binding) domain. Ephrin- B2 belongs to the ephrin (EPH) family and it is cell surface transmembrane ligand for Eph receptors, a family of receptor tyrosine kinase which are crucial for migration, repulsion and adhesion during neuronal, vascular an epithelial development. The ephrins and EPH-related receptors contain the largest subfamily of receptor protein-tyrosine kinases and have been associated with mediating developments events, particularly in the nervous system and in erythropoiesis. Based upon their structure and sequence relationships, ephrins are allocated into the ephrin-A(EFNA) class, which are anchored to the membrane by a glycosylphosphatidylinositol linkage, and the ephrin-(EFNB) class, which are transmembrane proteins. It also binds to receptor tyrosine kinasi including EPHA4, EPHA3 and EPHB4 and together with EPHB4 plays a central role in hea
	morphogenesis and angiogenesis through regulation of cell adhesion and cell migration.
	SDS-PAGE SDS-PAGE