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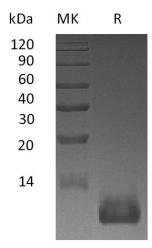
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Recombinant Mouse CXCL12

Catalog#:P01562 Derived from E.coli

DESCRIPTION	Recombinant Mouse C-X-C Motif Chemokine 12 is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Lys22-Lys89 is expressed. Accession: P40224
	Known as: Cxcl12; Stromal cell-derived factor 1; SDF-1;12-O-tetradecanoylphorbol
	13-acetate repressed protein 1; TPAR1; C-X-C motif chemokine 12; Pre-B cell
	growth-stimulating factor; PBSF; Thymic lymphoma cell-stimulating factor; TLSF; Sdf1
FORMULATION	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 25mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, pH 8.5 .
SHIPPING	The product is shipped at ambient temperature.
	Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.
STORAGE	Lyophilized protein should be stored at \leq -20°C, stable for one year after receipt.
	Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days.
	Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at \leq -20°C for 3 months.
RECONSTITUTION	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.
	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.
	Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.
	Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles
QUALITY CONTROL	Mol Mass: 8.1 kDa AP Mol Mass: 10 kDa, reducing conditions.
	Purity: Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
	Endotoxin: < 1 EU/μg as determined by LAL test.
BACKGROUND	Mouse Cxcl12 is a secreted and highly conserved protein which belongs to the intercrine
	alpha (chemokine CxC) family.CXCL12 is widely expressed in various organs including
	brain, kidney, skeletal muscle, heart, liver, and lymphoid organs. Cxcl12 activates the C-X-C
	chemokine receptor CXCR4 to induce a rapid and transient rise in the level of intracellular
	calcium ions and chemotaxis. It also binds to atypical chemokine receptor ACKR3 which
	activates the beta-arrestin pathway and acts as a scavenger receptor for SDF-1. Cxcl12 has
	several critical functions during embryonic development such as B-cell lymphopoiesis,
	myelopoiesis in bone marrow and heart ventricular septum formation. Cxcl12 plays an
	important role in acting as a positive regulator of monocyte migration and a negative
	regulator of monocyte adhesion via the LYN kinase. It stimulates migration of monocytes and
	T-lymphocytes through its receptors, CXCR4 and ACKR3, and decreases monocyte
	adherence to surfaces coated with ICAM-1, a ligand for beta-2 integrins. SDF1A/CXCR4
	signaling axis inhibits beta-2 integrin LFA-1 mediated adhesion of monocytes to ICAM-1
	through LYN kinase. It also plays a protective role after myocardial infarction, induces
	down-regulation and internalization of ACKR3 expressed in various cells and stimulates the
	proliferation of bone marrow-derived b progenitor cells in the presence of IL-7 as well as
	growth of the stromal cell-dependent B-cell clone DW34 cells.
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Purity-SDS-PAGE:



Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.