

Total Sulphydryl Assay Kit

Note: Take two or three different samples for prediction before test.

Operation Equipment: Spectrophotometer

Cat No: BC1370

Size: 50T/24S

Components:

Extraction solution: Liquid 40 mL×1, store at 4°C.

Reagent I: Liquid 55mL×1, store at 4°C.

Reagent II: Liquid 2.5 mL×1, store at 4°C and avoid light.

Standard: Powder×1, 10 mg of GSH. Add 1.3 mL distilled water to make the concentration to 25 µmol/mL before use. store at 4°C

Description:

The sulphydryl mainly includes glutathione sulphydryl group and protein sulphydryl group in vivo. The former can not only repair the oxidative damage protein, but also participate in scavenging the reactive oxygen species. The latter plays an important role in maintaining the protein conformation. The content of protein sulphydryl can be determined indirectly by measuring the content of total sulphydryl and GSH.

Sulphydryl react with 5,5'-dithio-bis-nitrobenzoic acid (DTNB) to form yellow compound which has max absorbance peak at 412 nm.

Required but not provided:

Spectrophotometer, constant temperature water bath, 1 mL glass cuvette, balance, mortar/homogenizer and distilled water.

Protocol:

I. Sample preparation:

1. Animal or plant tissue: Add 1 mL extraction solution to 0.1 g tissue to prepare as 10% homogenate, centrifuge at 8000 g and room temperature for 10 min. Supernatant is ready for test.
2. Serum/Culture medium: Detect directly.

II. Determination procedure.

1. Preheat spectrophotometer for 30 min, adjust wavelength to 412 nm, set zero with distilled water.
2. Dilute 25 µmol/mL standard solution with distilled water to 0.5, 0.25, 0.2, 0.1, 0.05, 0.025 µmol/mL standard solution.
3. Operating table.

	Control tube (A _C)	Test tube (A _T)	Standard tube (A _S)	Blank tube (A _B)
Sample (mL)	0.2	0.2		
Standard (mL)			0.2	0.2

Reagent I (mL)	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
Reagent II (mL)		0.05	0.05	
H ₂ O (mL)	0.05			0.05
Mix thoroughly, incubate at room temperature for 10 min, detect 412 nm absorbance. Record as A _C , A _T , A _S and A _B . Calculate $\Delta A_S = A_S - A_B$, $\Delta A_T = A_T - A_C$				

III. Calculation

1. Using the standard solution concentration as the x-axis and ΔA_S as the y-axis, draw a standard curve to obtain the standard equation $y = kx + b$. Substitute the ΔA_T measurement into the formula to obtain x ($\mu\text{mol} / \text{mL}$).

2. Calculation of total sulfhydryl content

A. Calculation by Sample weight:

$$\text{Total Sulfhydryl } (\mu\text{mol/g weight}) = x \times V_{ST} \div W = x \div W$$

B. Calculation by Protein concentration:

$$\text{Total Sulfhydryl } (\mu\text{mol/prot}) = x \times V_{ST} \div (C_{pr} \times V_{ST}) = x \div C_{pr}$$

3. Calculation by Serum/ Culture medium

$$\text{Total Sulfhydryl } (\mu\text{mol/ L}) = x \times V_s \div (V_s \times 10^{-3}) = 1000x$$

V_{ST} : Extraction solution volume, 1 mL;

W: Sample weight, g;

C_{pr} : Sample protein concentration, mg/mL.

V_s : sample volume, 0.2 mL;

1000: 1 $\mu\text{mol/mL} = 1000 \mu\text{mol/ L}$.

Note:

If the absorbance value determined by the sample is beyond the standard curve range, the sample should be diluted or concentrated properly before determination.

Recent Product citations:

[1] Yang X, Xu J, Fu C, et al. The cataract-related S39C variant increases γ S-crystallin sensitivity to environmental stress by destroying the intermolecular disulfide cross-links[J]. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 2020.

Related Products:

BC1300/BC1305 Ceruloplasmin(CP) Assay Kit

BC1310/BC1315 Total antioxidant capacity(T-AOC) Assay Kit

BC1360/BC1365 Uric acid (UA) Assay Kit