Food Nitrite Assay Kit

Note: Take two or three different samples for prediction before test.

Operation Equipment: Spectrophotometer/microplate reader

Catalog Number: BC1495

Size:100T/96S

Components:

Extract solution I: Liquid 50 mL×1 bottle, storage at RT.

Extract solution II: Liquid 50 mL×1 bottle, storage at RT.

Extract solution III: Liquid 50 mL×1 bottle, storage at RT.

Extract reagent IV: Powder 100 mg ×1, storage at RT.

Reagent I: Liquid 10 mL×1 bottle, store at 4°C and protect from light.

Reagent II: Liquid 10 mL×1 bottle, store at 4°C and protect from light.

Standard: Liquid 500 μ L ×1 bottle, 1 μ mol/mL sodium nitrite standard solution, dilute to 0.04 μ mol/mL when using, storage at 4°C.

Product Description:

Nitrite becomes more stable when bonding with myoglobin in food. It can be used as color preserving reagent to maintain good appearance of meat products and prevent producing clostridium botulinum toxin. It can improve the safety of meat products. It also may cause cancer of digestive system if body intakes too much for long time.

In acidic condition, nitrite reacts with P-aminobenzene sulfonic acid and form diazo-compound, which can react with N-1-naphthalene ethylenediamine to form purple-red azoic-compound. It has a characteristic absorption peak at 540 nm.

Reagents and Equipments Required but Not Provided

Spectrophotometer/microplate reader, micro glass cuvette/96 well flat-bottom plate, homogenizer/mortar, balance, water bath, distilled water.

Procedure:

I. Sample preparation:

Add 0.5 mL extract solution I to 0.5 g broken sample. Stay in the boiling water bath for 15 minutes, then cooling to RT. Add 0.5 mL extract solution II, shake thoroughly, add 0.5 mL extract solution III and few extract reagent IV(1 mg) with tweezer, stay for 30 minutes, centrifuge at 10000 rpm for 15 minutes. Take the supernatant for test.

II. Determination procedure:

- 1. Preheat spectrophotometer/microplate reader for 30 minutes, adjust the wavelength to 540 nm, set the counter to zero with distilled water.
- 2. Dilute standard with distilled water to 0.04 µmol/mL.
- 3. Add reagents as the following:

	Standard tube A1	Blank tube A2	Test tube A3
Sample (μL)			100
Standard solution (µL)	100		
Distilled water (μL)		100	
Reagent I (μL)	100	100	100
Reagent II (μL)	100	100	100

Mix thoroughly and stay for 15 minutes. Take 200 μ L to micro glass cuvette/96 well flat-bottom plate and detect absorbance at 540 nm. Detect once or twice for blank tube.

III. Calculation:

1. Sample weight:

Nitrite content (μ mol/g weight) =(A3-A2)÷[(A1-A2)÷C]×Vs÷(W×Vs÷ Ve)

$$=0.06 \times [(A3-A2) \div (A1-A2)] \div W$$

2. Sample protein concentration:

Nitrite content (μ mol/mg prot) =(A3-A2)÷[(A1-A2)÷C]×Vs÷(Cpr×Vs)

$$=0.04\times[(A3-A2)\div(A1-A2)]\div Cpr$$

C: Standard solution concentration, 0.04 µmol/mL;

Vs: Sample volume, 0.1 mL;

Ve: Extraction volume, 1.5 mL;

Cpr: Sample protein concentration, mg/mL;

W: Sample weight, g;

Note:

- 1. Storage at 2-8°C.
- 2. Reagents are harmful to human body. Please wear experimental clothes and gloves.
- 3. Concentrate ($A_{540} < 0.03$) or dilute ($A_{540} > 2.0$) sample if the OD value beyond standard curve.

Technical Specifications:

Minimum Detection Limit: 0.0011164 mg/mL

Linear Range: 0.00125-0.2 mg/mL

Related products:

BC0080/BC0085 Nitrate Reductase(NR) Activity Assay Kit

BC1450/BC1455 Glutaminase (GLS) Assay Kit

BC1460/BC1465 Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) Activity Assay Kit