Tyrosine Ammonia-Lyase (TAL) Activity Assay Kit

Note: Take two or three different samples for prediction before test.

Operation Equipment: Spectrophotometer

Cat No: BC4060 **Size:**50T/48S

Components:

Extract solution: $60\text{mL} \times 1$. Storage at 4°C .

Reagent I: $40mL\times1$. Storage at $4^{\circ}C$.

Reagent II: Powder×2. Storage at 4° C, dissolve thoroughly with 5 mL of distilled water and 20μ L of concentrated hydrochloric acid (37% HCl, self-provided reagent) before use.

Product Description:

Tyrosine ammonia-lyase (TAL) existed widely in plants and microorganisms, is one of the key enzymes in the secondary metabolic pathway of phenylalanine. TAL can transform tyrosine into coumaric acid directly without cinnamic acid-4-hydroxylase (C4H). Coumaric acid can form phenylpropanoids natural products like resveratrol and naringin, which have an effect of antioxidant and anti-aging.

Tyrosine ammonia-lyase (TAL) decomposes tyrosine to from coumaric acid, which has absorbance at 310 nm. So the activity of TAL can be detected by the changing rate of absorbance.

Reagents and Equipment Required but Not Provided:

Spectrophotometer, low temperature centrifuge, adjustable transferpettor, water bath, 1ml quartz cuvette, mortar, ice, concentrated hydrochloric acid and distilled water.

Sample preparation:

- 1. Tissue: Add 1 ml of extract solution into 0.1g of tissue and fully grind on ice. centrifuge at 12000rpm and 4℃ for 10min, supernatant on ice is used for test.
- 2. Cells or microbial sample: collect cells or microbial sample to centrifuge and remove the supernatant. Suggested 5 million with 1mL of extract solution, split bacteria and cell with ultrasonication (power 20%, work time 3s, interval 10s, for 30 times). centrifuge at 12000rpm and 4°C for 10min, supernatant on ice is used for test.

Procedure:

- 1. Preheat spectrophotometer for 30min, adjust the wavelength to 310 nm, set the counter to zero with ddH₂O.
- 2. Add the following reagents to 1ml quartz cuvette:

Reagent name	Test tube (T)
Reagent I(μL)	700
Reagent II(μL)	200

Sample(μL)	100

Mix thoroughly, detect absorbance at 310nm for 10s, noted A1. Put the cuvette and react solution to 37° C water bath for 3min, take out and dry it quickly, detect absorbance at 310nm for 190s, A2, \triangle A=A2-A1.

Calculation:

1. Protein concentration:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that changes the absorbance of 0.01 at 310nm per min every milligram tissue protein.

TAL (U/mg prot) =
$$\Delta A \div 0.01 \times Vrv \div (Vs \times Cpr) \div T = 333 \times \Delta A \div Cpr$$

2. Sample weight:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that changes the absorbance of 0.01 at 310nm per min every gram tissue protein.

TAL
$$(U/g) = \Delta A \div 0.01 \times Vrv \div (W \div Vsv \times Vs) \div T = 333 \times \Delta A \div W$$

3. Cells or bacteria:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that changes the absorbance of 0.01 at 310nm per min per 10⁴ cell or bacteria.

TAL (U/104 cell) =
$$\Delta A \div 0.01 \times Vrv \div (500 \div Vsv \times Vs) \div T = 0.667 \times \Delta A$$

Vrv: total reaction volume,1 mL;

Vs: supernatant volume (mL), 0.1 mL;

Cpr: sample protein concentration (mg/mL);

T: Reaction time (min), 3 min;

W: Sample weight(g);

Vsv: Extraction volume, 1 mL;

500: 5 million cells.

Note:

1. Dilute sample with distilled water if $\triangle A > 0.2$ or A1 > 1.5. Increase the reacting time (5min or10min) and sample volume if $\triangle A$ is too low.

Experimental Examples:

1. Take 0.1g of Echinochloa crusgalli and add 1mL extract to homogenize and grind, take the supernatant and dilute 3 times and follow the determination procedure, the measured calculation is $\Delta A=A2-A1=0.253-0.243=0.01$, calculated according to the sample weight:

TAL (U/g weight) = $333 \times \Delta A \div W \times F$ (dilute times) = $333 \times 0.01 \div 0.1 \times 3 = 99.9$ U/g weight.

Related Products:

BC1310/BC1315 Total Antioxidant Capacity(T-AOC) Assay Kit

BC1430/BC1435 Thiol Content Assay Kit (Non-Protein Sample)

BC1370/BC1375 Total Mercapto(-SH) Content Assay Kit