

Starch Debranching Enzyme (DBE) Activity Assay Kit

Note: It is necessary to predict 2-3 large difference samples before the formal determination.

Operation Equipment: Spectrophotometer

Cat No: BC4250

Size: 50T/24S

Components:

Extract solution: Liquid 50 mL×1, store at 4°C;

Reagent I: Liquid 15 mL×1, store at 4°C;

Reagent II: Powder×1, store at 4°C. Add 6mL of Reagent I when the solution will be used. The rest of reagent store at 4°C;

Reagent III: Liquid 15 mL×1, store at 4°C;

Reagent IV: Liquid 42 mL×1, store at 4°C;

Standard: Powder×1, 10 mg glucose. Before use, add 1 mL of distilled water to dissolve to prepare 10 mg/mL glucose standard solution. Storage at 4°C for one week.

Product Description:

Starch debranching enzyme (DBE) can specifically and efficiently break the α -1,6-glycosidic bonds of amylopectin, and “modify” the structure of starch. Starch debranching enzymes adjust the branch chain. The chain length of the starch side chain plays a key role. The balance of starch branching enzyme and starch debranching enzyme enables amylopectin synthesis.

DBE catalyzes amylopectin to produce reducing sugar, which reacts with 3,5-dinitrosalicylic acid to produce a brown-red substance. The DBE activity can be calculated by measuring its change in absorbance at 540nm.

Required but Not Provided:

Spectrophotometer, desk centrifuge, water bath, constant temperature incubator, transferpettor, mortar/homogenizer, 1 mL glass cuvette, ice and distilled water and EP tube.

Protocol

I. Preparation:

1. Tissue:

According to the weight of the tissue (g): the volume of the extract solution (mL) is 1: 5 ~ 10. Suggest add 1 mL of extract solution to 0.1 g of tissue. Homogenate on ice. Centrifuge at 15000g 4°C for 10 minutes. Take the supernatant on ice for test.

2. Cells or bacterial

According to the number of cells or bacteria (10^4): the volume of the extract solution (mL) is 500 ~ 1000: 1. It is suggested to take about 5 million bacteria/cell and add 1mL extract reagent. Bacteria/cell is split by ultrasonication (power 20%, ultrasonic 3s, interval 10s, repeat for 30 times). Centrifuge at 15000 g and 4°C for 10 minutes. Take the supernatant on ice for test.

3. Serum: detect directly.

II. Determination procedure:

1. Preheat spectrophotometer for 30 minutes, adjust wavelength to 540 nm, set the counter to zero with distilled water.

2. Dilute 10 mg/mL standard solution with distilled water to 0.5, 0.4, 0.3, 0.2, 0.1 mg/mL standard solution for use.

3. Take a 250 μ L sample in a boiling water bath for 5 minutes (close tightly to prevent water loss), cool to room temperature, centrifuge at 8000g and room temperature for 5 minutes, and take the supernatant for use.

4. Operation table:

Reagent name (μ L)	Control tube (Ac)	Test tube (At)	Standard tube (As)	Blank tube (Ab)
Boiled sample	200	-		-
sample	-	200	-	-
Standard	-	-	200	-
Distilled water	-	-	-	200
Reagent I	200	-	200	200
Reagent II	-	200	-	-
Mix well, react accurately for 2 h in 37°C water bath or constant temperature incubator				
Reagent III	200	200	200	200
Reagent IV	600	600	600	600
Mix well and boil in a boiling water bath for 5 minutes (close tightly to prevent water loss), and immediately cool to room temperature after taking out.				
The absorbance A at 540 nm was measured and recorded as Ab, At, As, and Ab. Calculate $\Delta A = At - Ac$, $\Delta As = As - Ab$. control tube is required for each test tube, and the standard tube and blank tube need only be detected once or twice.				

Note: After reacting in a 37°C water bath or a constant temperature incubator for 2 h, there may be some precipitate at the bottom of the centrifuge tube. centrifugation is not required, and you can directly enter the next test.

III. DBE Calculation:

1. According to concentration of standard solution and absorbance to create the standard curve, take standard solution as X-axis, ΔAs as Y-axis. Take ΔA into the equation to obtain x (nmol/mL).

2. **Protein concentration:**

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the production of 1 mg glucose per minutes every milligram tissue protein in the reaction system.

$$\text{DBE (U/mg prot)} = x \times V_e \div (V_e \times C_{pr}) \div T = 0.5x \div C_{pr}$$

3. Sample weight:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the production of 1 mg glucose per min every gram tissue in the reaction system.

$$\text{DBE (U/g)} = x \times V_e \div W \div T \times N = 0.5x \div W$$

4. Cells or bacteria:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the production of 1 mg glucose every 10^4 cells or bacteria in the reaction system per min.

$$\text{DBE (U/10}^4 \text{ cell)} = x \times V_e \div N \div T = 0.5x \div N$$

5. Liquid:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the production of 1 mg glucose every mL liquid in the reaction system per min.

$$\text{DBE (U/mL)} = x \times V_s \div V_s \div T = 0.5x$$

V_e : volume used in the extraction solution, 1mL;

V_s : the volume of added sample, 0.2mL;

C_{pr} : sample protein concentration, mg/mL, Protein concentration needs to be determined by yourself;

W : Fresh weight of sample, g;

T : React time, 2h.

N : number of cells (10^4).

Note:

1. When A is greater than 1, it is recommended to dilute the sample with the extraction solution before measuring.
2. It is suggested that the cooling time after boiling water bath should be the same in each experiment.

Experimental examples:

1. Take 0.1 g of rice and add 1 mL of Extract solution for sample processing. After centrifugation, the supernatant was placed on ice for testing. The supernatant was diluted 10 times with the extract, and then the determination procedure was followed. Calculate $\Delta A = A_t - A_c = 0.390 - 0.125 = 0.265$. Bring the result into the standard curve $y = 2.248x - 0.1896$, and calculate $x = 0.202$. The enzyme activity is calculated according to the sample mass.

$$\text{DBE (U/g)} = 0.5x \div W \times 10 \text{ (dilution times)} = 10.1 \text{ U/g.}$$

Related products:

BC2040/BC2045 β -amylase Activity Assay Kit

BC1850/BC1855 Soluble Starch Synthase(SSS) Activity Assay Kit

BC3290/BC3295 Bound Station amylosynthase Activity Assay Kit

BC1860/BC1865 Starch Branching Enzyme(SBE) Activity Assay Kit