

Fungal Histone Extraction Kit

Cat: EX1560 Size: 50T/100T Storage: 2-8°C, valid for 1 year.

Kit Components:

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Kit Components	50T	100T	Storage
Component A: Protein Extract Solution A	25mL	50mL	2-8°C
Component B: Protein Extract B	6mL	12mL	2-8°C
Component C: Protein extract C	5mL	10mL	2-8°C
Component D: Protease Inhibitor Mixture	100µL	200µL	-20°C

Note:

- 1. Protease inhibitors can also be stored at 2-8°C before use without open lid. Store at -20°C after opening the lid for use.
- 2. The protease inhibitor is solid at 2-8°C. Take it out of the refrigerator and return to room temperature or 37°C water bath for a short time. When it becomes liquid, centrifuge it to the bottom of the tube and then open the lid.
- 3. Please use the reagent as soon as possible after unpacking!

Introduction:

The fungal histone extraction kit provides a simple and widely used method for extracting histones along with corresponding reagents. It is suitable for extracting histones from fungal samples. The extraction process is simple and convenient.

The extracted proteins can be used for Western Blotting, protein electrophoresis, histone modification experiments such as acetylation, methylation, sumoylation and other downstream protein studies.

Self-prepared Reagents and Instruments:

Centrifuge, oscillator, homogenizer/homogenizer, vortex mixer, pipette, refrigerator, ice box, PBS buffer, protein quantification kit, centrifuge tube, suction tip, disposable gloves.

Product Features:

- 1. Easy to use, extract histone from fungi without grinding, repeated freeze-thaw, ultrasonic crushing and other pre-treatment.
- 2. Containing protein stabilizer, the extracted protein is stable.
- 3. The background interference is low when the protein concentration is detected by UV.
- 4. Protease inhibitors inhibited protein degradation, and the formulation of protease inhibitors was optimized. The protease inhibitor mixture consists of 6 separate protease inhibitors, each of which specifically inhibits one or several protease activities. The optimized composition of this mixture allows it to inhibit almost all important protease activities, including serine protease, cysteine protease, aspartate protease, alanyl-aminopeptidase, etc.

Protocols:

First, use precautions

1. Before the formal experiment, please select several samples to do pre-experiment, in order to optimize the experimental conditions and achieve the best experimental results.



- 2. Centrifuge the reagent in the screw cap microreagent tube briefly before opening the cap, and centrifuge the liquid on the cap and inside wall to the bottom of the tube to avoid reagent loss when opening the cap.
- 3. All reagents in the process of the experiment must be pre-cooled; All utensils must be pre-cooled in a -20°C refrigerator. The sample must be kept at a low temperature during the whole process.
- 4. If the solution of protease inhibitor precipitates during storage, it will not affect the use, and it will be used normally after dissolution.
- 5. If the kit cannot be used up in a short time, the protease inhibitor mixture should not be added to the extraction solution all at once.
- 6. Other protease inhibitor products can be added as needed for your own experiment.
- 7. In the downstream experiment, if the enzyme activity of specific protease or phosphatase is detected, the extract can be without protease or phosphatase inhibitors. Pay attention to the low temperature operation during the extraction process to shorten the centrifugation time.
- 8. It is prohibited to mix with other brands of reagents, otherwise the effect will be affected.
- 9. Contamination of the sample or reagent with bacteria or fungi or cross-contamination of reagents may result in false results.

Second, yeast histone extraction

1. Extraction solution preparation:

Add 2μ L protease inhibitor mixture into every 500μ L protein extract solution A, mix well and put on ice for later use.

- 2. Take 100mg fungal sample and cut it up as much as possible with surgical scissors. Add protein extract solution A and homogenize it with tissue homogenizer until there is no visible solid.
- 3. The tissue homogenate was sucked into a pre-cooled clean centrifuge tube and oscillated at 4°C for 20-30min.
- 4. Centrifuge at 4°C, 1000×g for 5min, discard the precipitation and collect the supernatant.
- 5. Centrifuge at 4°C, 16000×g for 15min, discard the supernatant and leave the precipitation.
- 6. Add 100µL protein extract solution B to the precipitation.
- Use 200µL gun tip to blow and mix repeatedly or mix with full vortex oscillation, and store in 4°C refrigerator overnight.
- 8. Centrifuge at 12000×g for 10min and collect the supernatant.
- 9. Add 10-25µL protein extract C into the supernatant and mix thoroughly.
- 10. Add the sample buffer and mix well, then boil, and store in the refrigerator at -80°C for later use or directly for downstream experiment.

Note:

- 1. This kit is intended for scientific research only and is not intended for diagnosis or treatment.
- 2. It is best to use disposable suction heads, tubes, bottles, or glassware, and reusable glassware must be washed and thoroughly removed of residual cleaners before use.
- 3. All samples and exposed glassware should be disposed of in accordance with the prescribed procedure after the experiment is completed.
- 4. Avoid skin or mucous membranes coming into contact with the reagent.
- 5. If the reagent accidentally comes into contact with skin or eyes, it should be rinsed with water immediately.