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Human Angiopoietin-2 Immunoassay

Catalog Number: SEKH-0089

For the quantitative determination of human Angiopoietin-2 concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum, and plasma.

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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LINEARITY:To assess the linearity of the assay, three samples were spiked with high concentrations of Angiopoietin-2 various matrices and diluted with the appropriate Sample Diluent to produce samples with values within the dynamic range of the assay. (The plasma samples were initially diluted 1:1)

Typical data using the Angiopoietin-2 ELISA

Dilution ratio	Recovery(%)	Citrate plasma	Cell culture supernatants
1:2	Average% of Expected	94	95
1.2	Range(%)	83-103	84-104
1.4	Average% of Expected	86	101
1.4	Range(%)	78-93	92-110
1:8	Average% of Expected	91	88
1.0	Range(%)	83-104	78-106
1:16	Average% of Expected	93	84
	Range(%)	85-104	72-97

Performance Characteristics

SENSITIVITY: The minimum detectable dose was 39pg/mL.

SPECIFICITY: This assay recognizes both natural and recombinant human Angiopoietin-2. The factors listed below were prepared at 100ng/ml in Standard /sample Diluent and assayed for cross-reactivity and no significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.

Factors assayed for cross-reactivity

Recombinant human	Recombinant mouse	Recombinant porcine
Angiopoietin-1	Angiopoietin-3	
Tie-1		
Tie-2		

REPEATABILITY: The coefficient of variation of both intra-assay and inter-assay were less than 10%.

RECOVERY: The recovery of Angiopoietin-2 spiked to three different levels in four samples throughout the range of the assay in various matrices was evaluated.

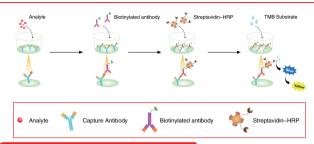
Sample Type	Average % of Expected Range(%)	Range(%)
Citrate plasma	81	72-93
Cell culture supernatants	88	78-99

BACKGROUND

Angiopoietins, Ang-1, Ang-2, and Ang-3 (mouse)/Ang-4 (human), are natural agonists or antagonists of the Tie-2 receptor tyrosine kinase and are important modulators of angiogenesis. Two domains characterize the angiopoietin family of proteins: an N-terminal coiled-coil domain that mediates homo-oligomerization, and a C-terminal fibrinogen-like domain that binds Tie-2.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific for Angiopoietin-2 has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells; any Angiopoietin-2 present is captured by the coated antibody after incubation. After washing away any unbound substances, a biotin-conjugate antibody specific for Angiopoietin-2 is added to detect the captured Angiopoietin-2 protein in the sample. Following a wash to remove any unbound combination, horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-conjugated Streptavidin is added to the wells. After extensive washing, a tetramethyl-benzidine (TMB) reagent is added to the wells for signal development. Solution containing sulfuric acid is used to stop color development. The color intensity, proportional to the quantity of bound protein, is then measurable at 450nm.



TECHNICAL HINTS AND LIMITATIONS

- 1.This Solarbio ELISA should not be used beyond the expiration data on the kit label.
- 2.To avoid cross-contamination, use a fresh reagent reservoir and pipette tips for each step.
- 3.To ensure accurate results, some details, such as technique, plasticware and water sources should be emphasized.
- 4.A thorough and consistent wash technique is essential for proper assay performance.
- 5.A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.
- 6.It is recommended that all standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.
- 7.Avoid microbial contamination of reagents and buffers. Buffers containing protein should be made under aseptic conditions and be prepared fresh daily.
- 8. In order to ensure the accuracy of the results, the standard curve should be made every time.

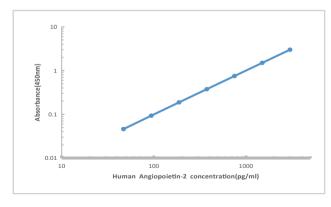
PRECAUTIONS

The Stop Solution suggested for use with this kit is an acid solution. Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye, and face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor

5.This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed. Typical data using the Human Angiopoietin-2 ELISA

Standared(pg/ml)	OD.	OD.	Average	Corrected
0	0.020	0.024	0.022	-
46.88	0.092	0.200	0.146	0.124
93.8	0.179	0.290	0.235	0.213
188	0.335	0.432	0.383	0.361
375	0.669	0.686	0.677	0.655
750	1.005	1.114	1.059	1.038
1500	1.814	1.814	1.814	1.792
3000	2.903	2.955	2.929	2.907



Representative standard curve for Angiopoietin-2 ELISA.

DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Prepare all reagents and standards as directed, wash the plate 3 times before the assay.

Add 100µl standard or samples to each well, incubate 90 minutes,37°C.

Aspirate and wash 4 times

Add 100 μ l working solution of Biotin-Conjugate anti-human Angiopoietin-2 antibody to each well, incubate 60 minutes,37 °C.

Aspirate and wash 4 times

Add 100 μI working solution of Streptavidin-HRP to each well, incubate 30 minutes, 37 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$.

Aspirate and wash 5 times

Add 100µl Substrate solution to each well, incubate 15 minutes,37 $^{\circ}$ C. Protect from light.



Add 50µl Stop solution to each well. Read at 450nm within 5 minutes.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

- 1. The standard curve is used to determine the amount of specimens.
- First, average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample. All O.D. values are subtracted by the mean value of blank control before result interpretation.
- 3. Construct a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.
- 4. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the Angiopoietin-2 concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be

KIT COMPONENTS& STORAGE CONDITIONS

PART	SIZE	STORAGE OF OPENED/ RECONSTITUTED MATERIAL
Microwell Plate - antibody coated 96-well Microplate (8 wells ×12 strips)	1 plate	Return unused wells to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack.Reseal along entire edge of the zip-seal.May be stored for up to 1 month at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}^{**}$
Standard - lyophilized,3000 pg/ml upon reconstitution	2 vials	Store at 2-8°C** for six months
Concentrated Biotin-Conjugated antibody(100X) - 120 ul/vial	1 vial	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Concentrated Streptavi- din-HRP solution(100X) - 120 ul/vial	1 vial	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Standard /sample Diluent - 16 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent - 16 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Streptavidin-HRP Diluent - 16 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x) - 30 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Substrate Solution - 12 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Stop Solution - 12 ml/vial	1 bottle	Store at 2-8°C **for six months
Plate Cover Seals	4 pieces	

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^{**}Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.

OTHER SUPPLIES REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

- 1. Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- 2. Pipettes and pipette tips.
- 3 Deionized or distilled water
- 4. Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.
- 5.500 mL graduated cylinder.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION & STORAGE

Cell Culture Supernates - Centrifuge cell culture media at 1000 x g (or 3000rpm) to remove debris. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at \leq -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Serum - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 2 hours at room temperature or overnight at 2-8 °C. Centrifuge approximately for 15 minutes at 1000g(or 3000rpm). Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

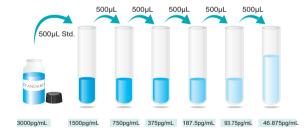
Plasma - Collect plasma using EDTA, heparin, or citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g(or 3000rpm) within 30 minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at ≤ -20 °C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Note: It is recommended to conduct a pre-test before the formal experiment to determine the dilution ratio.

REAGENTS PREPARATION \

- Temperature returning Bring all kit components and specimen to room temperature(20-25°C) before use.
- 2. Wash Buffer Dilute 30mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate with 570mL of deionized or distilled water to prepare 600mL of Wash Buffer. If crystals have formed in the concentrate Wash Buffer, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.

- 3. Standard\Sample Reconstitute the Standard with 1mL of Standard/Sample Diluent. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 3000pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Pipette 500uL of Standard/Sample Diluent into 1500pg/ml tube and the remaining tubes. Use the stock solution of 3000pg/mL to produce a 2-folddilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly and change pipette tips between each transfer. The 3000pg/mL standard serves as the high standard. The Standard/Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).
 - *If you do not run out of re-melting standard, store it at -20° $\rm C$. Diluted standard shall not be reused.
- 4. Working solution of Biotin-Conjugate anti-human Angiopoletin-2 antibody: Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated Biotin-Conjugate solution with the Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent in a clean plastic tube.
 - *The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.
- Working solution of Streptavidin-HRP: Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated Streptavidin-HRP solution with the Streptavidin-HRP Diluent in a clean plastic tube.
 - *The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.



Preparation of Human Angiopoietin-2 standard dilutions

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