

S17-1 Competent Cells

Cat: C3680

Size: $10\times100\mu L/20\times100\mu L$

Storage: Store at -70°C to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Product Parameters:

English name: S17-1 Competent cells

Genotype: RP4-2(Km::Tn7,Tc::Mu-1),pro-82,LAMpir,recA1,endA1,thiE1,hsdR17,creC510

Strain Resistance: Sensitive to ampicillin, kanamycin, spectacular.

Introduction:

The S17-1 strain has an integrated RP4-2 plasmid in its chromosomes, which can carry part of the DNA of the chromosome to be transferred between conjugation strains. Strain S17-1 is recombinant enzyme deficient(recA1) and lacks endA1, which can reduce the probability of homologous recombination of inserted fragments, ensure the stability of DNA fragments, and improve the quality and yield of plasmid DNA. Tn7 endows this strain with weak streptomycin resistance. pUC19 plasmid detected conversion efficiency >×108 cfu/µg DNA.

Protocols:

- 1. The receptive cells are placed in an ice bath to defreeze. After the cells are just defreeze, plasmid DNA or 5-10μL of the connection product was added to the cells, dial the bottom of the tube with your finger, and gently mix;
- 2. Place in the ice bath for 30min, do not shake;
- 3. Heat shock at 42°C for 60s, do not shake;
- 4. Place in the ice bath for 2min, do not shake;
- 5. Add 500µL sterile LB medium;
- 6. The culture was placed in a shaking table at 37°C, 150-200rpm for 60min.
- 7. Take 50-100μL bacterial solution and apply it on LB plate containing resistance. After the liquid was drained, the plate was turned upside down and cultured at 37°C overnight.

(Plate scribing separation method: After the recovery culture, centrifuge at 12000rpm for 30s, discard the supernatant, leave about 100μ L of liquid, gently blow the bacteria with 200μ L suction head, take 10μ L of suspended bacterial liquid divided into more drops on the plate, tilt the suction head, and use the side of the suction head to scribing the liquid dripping on the plate. This method can obtain a larger monoclonal colony. This method is mainly suitable for plasmid transformation, and the conversion of link products is best by coating.)

(Rapid plasmid transformation steps: For ampicillin resistant plasmids, shorten the time of step 2 to 5min. After completing step 4, it can be directly coated or marked on the ampicillin resistant LB plate. Other resistant plasmids still require 60min of resuscitation.)



Notes:

- 1. If the biochemical reagents produced by our company are not specially marked, they are basically non-sterile packaging. If they are used in cell experiments, please pre-treat them in advance.
- 2. Once it is prepared into a solution, please pack it separately and store it to avoid product failure caused by repeated freezing and thawing.
- 3. The product information is for reference only, if you have any questions, please call 400-968-6088 for consultation.
- 4. This product is for scientific research only. Do not use for medicine, clinical diagnosis or therapy, food or cosmetics. Do not store in ordinary residential areas.
- 5. For your safety and health, please wear a lab coat and wear disposable gloves and a mask.