

# Acetylcholinesterase (AchE) Activity Assay Kit

**Note:** Take two or three different samples for prediction before test.

**Operation Equipment:** Spectrophotometer

Catalog Number: BC2020

**Size:** 50T/24S

# **Components:**

Extract solution: Liquid 30 mL ×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

Reagent I: Liquid 50 mL×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

**Reagent II:** Powder×2. Storage at 2-8°C. Add 2.6 mL reagent I before use and dissolve fully by oscillation. The unused reagent shall be sub packed and stored at 2-8°C for 1 week.

**Reagent III:** Liquid 6 mL×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

**Reagent IV:** Liquid 6 mL×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

# **Product Description**

AchE is a serine hydrolytic enzyme, which is widely found in various animal tissues and serum. AchE catalyzes the hydrolysis of Ach, which plays an important role in the regulation of nerve conduction.

AchE catalyzes Ach hydrolysis to generate choline, and choline can react with 2-nitrobenzoic acid (DTNB) to form 5-mercapto nitrobenzoic acid (TNB). TNB has an absorption peak at 412 nm, and AchE activity was calculated by measuring the absorbance increasing rate at 412 nm.

# Reagents and Equipment Required but Not Provided.

Refrigerated Centrifuge, Water Bath, Spectrophotometer, 1 mL Glass Cuvette, Pipette Gun, Mortar/ Homogenizer and Distilled Water, Cell Ultrasonic Crusher.

# **Procedure**

#### I. Enzyme extraction:

- 1. Tissues: According to the tissues mass (g): Extract solution volume (mL) is the ratio of 1:5~10 (suggest that take 0.1 g tissues and add 1 mL extract solution) on the ice bath to h omogenate. Centrifuge at 8000 g, 4°C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant for test.
- 2. Bacteria and cells: According to the number of cells (10<sup>4</sup>), the proportion of Extract solution volume (mL) is 500~1000=1:1 (Suggest that add 1 mL of Extract solution to 5 million cells). Ultrasonic breaking (power 300W, ultrasonic 3s, interval 7s, total time 3min) on ice; Then Centrifuge at 8000 g, 4°C for 10 minutes, take the supernatant on ice for test.
- 3. Serum and other liquids: Direct determination.

### II. Determination procedure:

- 1. Preheat the spectrophotometer for 30 minutes, adjust the wavelength to 412 nm and set t he counter to zero with distilled water.
- 2. Operation table:

BC2020 -- Page 1/3



30	30
100	- 1810, es
action in water bath at 37°C for 5 r	ninutes.
100	100
Ola line	100
12000 rpm for 5 minutes. Pipet 50	0 μL of the supernatant into the
9/20	WCE 9
850	850
100	100
	100 action in water bath at 37°C for 5 r 100 - 12000 rpm for 5 minutes. Pipet 50

Mix thoroughly, stay for 2 minutes, then determine the absorbance at 412 nm, recoard as  $A_T$  and  $A_C$ , calculate  $\Delta A = A_T - A_C$ .

#### III. Calculation

#### 1. Tissues

#### 1). Protein concentration

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme cataly zes the generation of 1 nmol TNB in the reaction system per minute every mg protein.

AchE Enzyme activity (U/mg prot) = 
$$[\Delta A \div \varepsilon \times d \times V_C \times 10^9] \div (Cpr \times V_S \times V_{SU} \div V_{EN}) \div T$$
  
=2255× $\Delta A \div Cpr$ 

# 2). Sample weight:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme cataly zes the generation of 1 nmol TNB in the reaction system per minute every g sample.

AchE Enzyme activity (U/g fresh weight)= $[\Delta A \div \epsilon \div d \times V_C \times 10^9] \div (W \times V_S \div V_{TS} \times V_{SU} \div V_{EN}) \div T$ =2255× $\Delta A \div W$ 

# 2. Bacteria and cells:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme cataly zes the generation of 1 nmol TNB in the reaction system per minute every  $10^4$  cells.

AchE Enzyme activity (U/10<sup>4</sup> cell)=[
$$\Delta A \div \epsilon \div d \times V_C \times 10^9$$
] $\div (N \times V_S \div V_{TS} \times V_{SU} \div V_{EN}) \div T$   
=2255 $\times \Delta A \div N$ 

#### 3. Serum:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme cataly zes the generation of 1 nmol TNB in the reaction system per minute every mL serum.

AchE Enzyme activity(U/mL) = 
$$[\Delta A \div \epsilon \div d \times V_C \times 10^9] \div (V_S \times V_{SU} \div V_{EN}) \div T$$
  
=2255×\Delta A

ε: The molar extinction coefficient of TNB is 13.6×10<sup>3</sup> L/mol/cm;

BC2020 -- Page 2 / 3



V<sub>C</sub>: Total volume of color reaction system (L), 1 mL=0.001 L;

 $10^9:1 \text{ mol}=1\times10^9 \text{ nmol};$ 

V<sub>EN</sub>: Total volume of enzymatic reaction, 0.23 mL;

V<sub>SU</sub>: Supernatant volume, 0.05 mL;

V<sub>TS</sub>: Extraction volume, 1 mL;

Cpr: Protein concentration, mg/mL;

W: Sample weight, g;

V<sub>S</sub>: Sample volume, 0.03 mL;

T: Reaction time, 5 minutes;

N: The number of cells extracted, 104.

#### Note:

- 1. During the determinaton process, the sample and the working fluid should be placed on ice to avoid denaturation and inactivation.
- 2. When the absorbance is over than 1, it is recommended to dilute the sample for determination.

### **Recent Product Citations:**

- [1] Wensu Han, Yemeng Yang, Jinglin Gao, et al. Chronic toxicity and biochemical response of Apis cerana cerana (Hymenoptera: Apidae) exposed to acetamiprid and propiconazole alone or combined. Ecotoxicology. May 2019; 28(4):399-411. (IF2.46)
- [2] Hao Song, Liping Huang, Yuping Li, et al. Neuroprotective effects of cordycepin inhibit Aβ-induced apoptosis in hippocampal neurons. NeuroToxicology. September 2018; (IF3.263)
- [3] Xiao Hui Xu, Yinghui Guo, Hongwei Sun, et al. Effects of Phytase Transgenic Maize on the Physiological and Biochemical Responses and the Gut Microflora Functional Diversity of Ostrinia furnacalis. Scientific Reports. March 2018; (IF4.011)

### Related products:

BC0840/BC0845 Carboxylesterase (CarE) Activity Assay Kit BC2130/BC2135 Acid Phosphatase (ACP) Activity Assay Kit

BC2140/BC2145 Alkaline Phosphatase (AKP/ALP) Activity Assay Kit



