

Blood Magnesium Content Assay Kit

Note: It is necessary to predict 2-3 large difference samples before the formal determination.

Operation Equipment: Spectrophotometer/Microplate reader

Cat No: BC2795 Size: 100T/96S

Components:

Reagent I: Powder×2, store at 2-8°C. Add 2 mL distilled water to one Reagent I and dissolve well at 50°C before use. The unused reagent can be stored at 2-8°C for two weeks.

Reagent II: Liquid 2mL×1, store at 2-8°C. Dilute 10 times with distilled water before use.

Reagent III: Liquid 5mL×1, store at 2-8°C.

Standard: Liquid 1mL×1, 4 mmol/L magnesium standard solution, store at 2-8°C. Add equal distilled water to 2 mmol/L before use.

Description:

Magnesium is the activator of many enzymes, such as phosphatase, creatine kinase, hexokinase and carboxylase. Magnesium is also an essential element for the formation of DNA, RNA and ribosomal macromolecular structures. Meanwhile, magnesium is an important element in maintaining normal nerve and muscle function. Serum magnesium concentration deviating from the normal value is related to some kidney and endocrine diseases, etc.

In alkaline condition, magnesium ions combined with hydroxide ions to colloidal particle, and further turns orange-red color when combined with titan yellow. In a certain range, the absorbance at 540 nm is proportional to the concentration of magnesium ions.

Required but not provided:

Transferpettor, spectrophotometer/microplate reader, micro glass cuvette/96 well flat-bottom plate, distilled water.

Protocol:

- 1. Preheat spectrophotometer or microplate reader for 30 min, adjust the wavelength to 540nm and set spectrophotometer counter to zero with distilled water.
- 2. Add reagents according to the following table.

Reagent (µL)	Blank Tube (B)	Standard Tube (S)	Test Tube (T)
Distilled water	120	110	110
2mmol/L standard	-	10	-
Serum sample	-	60/00/00	10
Reagent I	20	20	20
Reagent II	20	20	20
Reagent III	40	40	40

Detect the absorbance of 540nm after reacting 5min in RT. Record A_B , A_S , A_T . Standard tube and blank tube only need to be measured once or twice.



Calculation of Blood Magnesium Concentration

Blood Magnesium Concentration(mmol/dL)

 $[C_S \times (A_T - A_B) \div (A_S - A_B)] \times 0.1 = 0.2 \times (A_T - A_B) \div (A_S - A_B)$

Cs: 2 mmol/L;

0.1: Conversion factor, 1 dL=0.1 L.

Note:

- 1. Avoid light exposure during operation
- 2. Fasting blood should be taken and sodium citrate cannot be used as anticoagulant.
- 3. Magnesium concentration in red blood cell is about 3 times higher than serum. Serum should be separated from blood as soon as possible to avoid hemolysis.
- 4. After adding Reagent III and mixing thoroughly, detection procedure should be completed within 30min.

Related Products:

BC0720/BC0725 Blood Calcium Content Assay Kit BC2770/BC2775 Blood Potassium Content Assay Kit

BC2860/BC2865 Serum Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC) Assay Kit

BC2810/BC2815 Blood Zinc Content Assay Kit