

Urease (UE) Activity Assay Kit

Note: Take two or three different samples for prediction before test.

Operation Equipment: Spectrophotometer

Catalog Number: BC4110

Size:50T/24S

Components:

Extract solution: 30ml×1 bottle, storage at 4°C.

Reagent I: powder×1 bottle, storage at 4°C. dissolve with 6ml of distilled water before use.

Reagent II: 25ml×1 bottle, storage at 4°C and protected from light.

Reagent III A: 1ml×1 bottle, storage at 4°C.

Reagent III B: 4ml×1 bottle, storage at 4°C. Add Reagent III A to Reagent III B, mix for use (name

reagent III),

Reagent IV: 5ml×1 bottle, storage at 4°C.

Standard: 1ml×1 bottle, storage at 4°C. 1mg/ml nitrogen standard solution.

Product Description:

Urease (UE) is widely distributed in the seeds of plants, also in the blood and urine of animals. Some microorganisms can also secrete urease. UE can hydrolyze urea to ammonia and carbonic acid, which plays a key role in urea transformation. The UE activity can be determined by calculating the content of NH3-N with indophenol blue colorimetry.

Reagents and Equipment Required but Not Provided:

Spectrophotometer, balance, water bath, low temperature centrifuge, 1ml glass cuvette, mortar.

Sample preparation:

- I. Bacteria or cells: Number of cells / bacteria (10⁴): volume of extract solution (mL) is 500-1000:1. Suggested 5 million with 1mL of extract solution. Splitting bacteria or cell with ultrasonication (ice bath, power 300W, work time 3s, interval 7s, repeat for 3 min), centrifuge at 12000g and 4°C for 15min, supernatant on ice is used for test.
- II. Tissue: Mass (g): extraction volume (mL) is 1:5-10. Add 1 ml of extract solution into 0.1g of tissue and fully grind on ice. centrifuge at 12000g and 4 °C for 15min, supernatant on ice is used for test
- III. Serum/ plasma: Detect directly.

Procedure:

- 1. Preheat spectrophotometer for 30min, adjust the wavelength to 630 nm, set the counter to zero with distilled water.
- 2. Dilute 1mg/mL nitrogen standard solution to 2ug/mL with distilled water for use.
- 3. Add the following reagents:

Reagent name(ul) Blank tube (A2) Standard tube (A1) Test tube (A3) Contrast tube	Reagent name(ul)	Blank tube (A2)	Standard tube (A1)	Test tube (A3)	Contrast tube (A4)
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Sample	-	-	100	100
Distilled water	-	-	J - KK	200
Reagent I	-	- (2)	200	- wio
Reagent II	-	_	400	400
20,100	Mix thoroughly f	orm mixture, react at	37℃ for 1 hour.	S. J. Line
Mixture		10/0Es -	400	400
Distilled water	400	Sole -	-	-
Standard	4	400	, <u>19</u> 0	-
Reagent III	80	80	80	80
Reagent IV	60	60	60	60
.610	Mix thor	oughly, stand at RT fo	or 20min.	1346/2
Distilled water	460	460	460	460
Mix thoroughly,	detect absorbance	at 630nm, ΔA(stand	$lard) = \Delta A(S) = A1 - A$	A2, $\Delta A(\text{test}) = \Delta A(T)$

Mix thoroughly, detect absorbance at 630nm, $\Delta A(\text{standard}) = \Delta A(S) = A1 - A2$, $\Delta A(\text{test}) = \Delta A(T) = A3 - A4$.

Calculation:

1. Liquid:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the production of lug of NH₃-N in per min every ml liquid.

$$UE(U/mL) = \Delta A(T) \div \Delta A(S) \times C \times V \div V_S \div T = 0.233 \times \Delta A(T) \div \Delta A(S)$$

2. Tissue, bacteria or cell:

Protein concentration:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the production of lug of NH₃-N in per min every mg tissue protein.

UE (U/mg prot)=
$$\Delta A(T) \div \Delta A(S) \times C \times V \div (Cpr \times V_S) \div T = 0.233 \times \Delta A(T) \div \Delta A(S) \div Cpr$$

Sample weight:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the production of lug of NH₃-N in per min every gram tissue.

$$UE(U/g) = \Delta A(T) \div \Delta A(S) \times C \times V \div (W \times V_S \div V_e) \div T = 0.233 \times \Delta A(T) \div \Delta A(S) \div W$$

Density of bacteria or cell:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalyzes the production of lug of NH₃-N in per min every 1 million bacteria or cells.

UE (U/10⁶ cell)=
$$\Delta A(T) \div \Delta A(S) \times C \times V \div (N \div V_S \times V_e) \div T = 0.233 \times \Delta A(T) \div \Delta A(S) \div N$$

C: standard concentration, 2ug/ mL

Cpr: Sample concentration (mg/mL);

W: Sample weight(g);

Vs: Sample volume (mL), 0.1 mL;

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V: Enzyme reaction volume, 0.7 mL;

Ve: Extraction volume, 1 mL;

T: Reaction time (min), 60 min.

N: cell or bacteria amount, 1 million.

Note:

Dilute the mixture or sample with distilled water before detecting if the $\Delta A > 1$.

Experimental Examples:

1. Take 0.1g of Vigna radiata and add 1mL extract for sample processing, take the supernatant and operate according to the measurement procedure, and calculate $\Delta A=A3-A4=0.221-0.102=0.119$, $\Delta As=A1-A2=0.342-0.005=0.337$, calculate the enzyme based on the sample weight:

UE Activity (U/g weight) = $0.233 \times \Delta A \div \Delta As \div W = 0.233 \times 0.119 \div 0.337 \div 0.1 = 0.8228$ U/g weight_o

2. Take 0.1g of kidney and add 1mL extract for sample processing, take the supernatant and operate according to the measurement procedure, and calculate $\Delta A=A3-A4=0.315-0.226=0.089$, $\Delta s=A1-A2=0.342-0.005=0.337$, calculate the enzyme based on the sample weight:

UE Activity (U/g weight) = $0.233 \times \Delta A \div \Delta As \div W = 0.233 \times 0.089 \div 0.337 \div 0.1 = 0.6153$ U/g weight_o

3. Take $100\mu L$ of turkey serum and directly follow the measurement procedure, and calculate ΔA = A3-A4=0.210-0.125=0.085, ΔAs =A1-A2=0.342-0.005=0.337, calculate the enzyme based on the sample volume

UE Activity (U/mL) = $0.233 \times \Delta A \div \Delta As = 0.233 \times 0.085 \div 0.337 = 0.0588 \text{ U/mL}_{\odot}$

Related Products:

BC0080/BC0085 Nitrate Reductase(NR) Activity Assay Kit

BC1450/BC1455 Glutaminase(GLS) Activity Assay Kit

BC1460/BC1465 Glutamic Acid Dehydrogenase(GDH) Activity Assay Kit