

Fluoride Resistant Acid Phosphatase Activity Assay Kit

Note: Take two or three different samples for prediction before test.

Operation Equipment: Spectrophotometer//Microplate reader

Cat No: BC5455 Size:100T/48S

Components:

Extract solution:60 mL×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

Reagent I: 1.5 mL×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

Reagent II: 1.2 mL×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

Reagent III: powder×2,. Storage at -20°C. Before use, add 1mL of water, dissolve it fully. Unused reagents can be stored at -20°C for 4 weeks. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. One reagent can do 100T after dissolving. To prolong the use of the kit, therefore, one more powder is given.

Reagent IV: powder×1. Storage at 2-8°C. Before use, add 5.5mL of water, dissolve it fully. Unused reagents can be stored at 2-8°C for 4 weeks.

Reagent V: 0.3 mL×1. Storage at 2-8°C. According to the ratio of reagent V: distilled water = 1:9 according to the number of samples before use.

Reagent VI: 1.2 mL×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

Reagent VII: 1.2 mL×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

Reagent VIII: 15 mL×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

Standard: 1 mL×1. Storage at 2-8°C. 5 μ mol/mL phenol standard solution. Before use, take 100 μ L of 5 μ mol/mL phenol standard solution in an EP tube, add 300 μ L of distilled water and mix thoroughly to make 1.25 μ mol/mL phenol standard solution..

Product Description:

Fluoride resistant acid phosphatase (FRAP) is a type of acid phosphatase. FRAP is mainly found in the lysosomes of most cells, the prostate gland, brain, liver, spleen, and platelets.

The activity of fluoride-resistant acid phosphatase is not inhibited by fluoride ions, whereas the activity of other acid phosphatases is inhibited by fluoride ions. Under acidic conditions, the fluoride-resistant ion acid phosphatase catalyzes the production of p-nitrophenol from PNPP. The p-nitrophenol appears yellow under alkaline conditions and can be detected at 400 nm absorbance. The darker the yellow color of the product, the higher the activity of the fluorine-resistant ion acid phosphatase, and vice versa, the lower the enzyme activity.

Reagents and Equipment Required but Not Provided:

Spectrophotometer/microplate reader, centrifuge, water bath/incubator, adjustable pipette, Micro glass cuvettes/96 well plates, mortar/homogenizer/cell sonicator, ice and distilled water

Procedure

I. Extraction of crude enzyme solution:



a. Tissue

The ratio of tissue mass (g): the volume of Extract solution (mL) is 1: 5~10 (it is suggested to take about 0.1 g of tissue and add 1mL of Extract solution), ice-bath homogenate. Centrifuge at 8000 g for 10 minutes at 4°C, take the supernatant and placed on the ice for test.

b. Bacteria or cells

The ratio of bacteria/cell amount (10^4): the volume of Extract solution (mL) is $500\sim1000:1$ (it is suggested to take about 5 million bacteria/cells and add 1 mL of Extract solution). Bacteria/cell is split by ultrasonic (placed on ice, 200 W, work time 3 s, interval 10 s, repeat 30 times). Centrifuge at 8000g for 10 minutes at 4°C, take the supernatant and placed on the ice for test.

c. Serum (plasma) sample: Detect sample directly. (If the solution is turbid, centrifuge to take the supernatant and then measure)

II. Determination procedure

- a. Preheat the spectrophotometer/microplate reader 30 minutes, adjust wavelength to 400 nm, the spectrophotometer set zero with distilled water.
- b. Then operate table. (Add the following reagents to the EP tube or 96 well plates)

Reagent name (µL)	Test tube(T)	Control tube(C)	Standard tube(S)	Blank tube(B)
sample	10	10	ENC.	-
Standard	© <u>-</u>	SUFFE S	10	©.
distilled water	-	10	-	10
Reagent I	10	10	10	10
Reagent II	10	10	10	10
Reagent III	10	-	10	10
Reagent IV	10	10	10	10
Reagent V	10	10	10	10
Reagent VI	10	10	10	10
Reagent VII	10	10	10	10
730	Reaction for 30 min at 37°C protected from light		-	20/8 PEND
Reagent VIII	120	120	120	120

After mixing, the absorbance at 400 nm was measured and recorded as At, Ac, As, and Ab. Δ At = At- Ac, Δ As= As- Ab. (Standard and standard blank tubes should be done only 1-2 times.)

III. Calculation formula

(1) Calculated by sample weight

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalytic production of 1 nmol phenol per gram of tissue per minute at 37°C.

FRAP activity (U/g mass) = (
$$\Delta At \times Cs \div \Delta As$$
) $\times Vs \div$ ($W \div Vse \times Vs$) $\div T \times 10^3 \times F = 41.67 \times \Delta At \div \Delta As \div W \times F$

(2) Calculated by Protein concentration:

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalytic



production

of 1 nmol phenol per mg protein of tissue per minute at 37°C.

FRAP activity (U/mg prot) =(
$$\Delta At \times Cs \div \Delta As$$
) $\times Vs \div$ ($Cpr \times Vs$) $\div T \times 10^3 \times F = 41.67 \times \Delta At \div \Delta As \div Cpr \times F$

(3) Calculated by Cell amount

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalytic production of 1 nmol phenol per 10^4 cells of tissue per minute at 37° C.

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FRAP activity ( U/10<sup>4</sup> cell ) = (\DeltaAt×Cs÷\DeltaAs) ×Vs÷ ( N÷Vse×Vs ) ÷T×10<sup>3</sup>×F=41.67×\DeltaAt÷\DeltaAs×F
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(4) Calculated by the volume of culture medium

Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme that catalytic production of 1 nmol phenol every milliliter per minute at 37°C.

FRAP activity
$$(U/mL) = (\Delta At \times Cs \div \Delta As) \times Vs \div Vs \div T \times 10^3 \times F = 41.67 \times \Delta At \div \Delta As \times F$$

Cs: phenol standard solution, 1.25 µmol/mL; Vs: Sample volume in the reaction system, 0.01mL; Vse: The volume of extract, 1mL; T: Reaction time, 30min; Cpr: Sample protein concentration, mg/mL; W: Sample weight, g; 10³: Unit conversion factor, 1µmol/mL=10³nmol/mL; N: Total number of bacteria or cells; F: Sample dilution factor.

Note

1. If At or ΔAt is greater than 2, the sample can be diluted with distilled water or the enzymatic reaction time at 37°C can be shortened; ΔAt is less than 0.01, the sample can be increased or the enzymatic reaction time at 37°C can be extended. The calculation formula was modified simultaneously for the final calculation.

Experimental example:

- 1. Weigh 0.1074g of rabbit liver tissue, add 1mL of extraction solution for ice bath homogenization, dilute the supernatant 2 times and follow the assay steps, use a 96-well plate to measure the calculated Δ At= At Ac= 0.485 0.067 = 0.418, Δ As = As Ab = 0.720 0.070 = 0.650, bring into the formula to calculate: FRAP activity (U/g mass)
 - FRAP activity (U/g mass) = $41.67 \times \Delta At \div \Delta As \div W \times F = 499.013$ U/g mass
- 2. Weigh 0.1057g of bamboo leaves, add 1mL of extract to ice bath and homogenize, follow the steps of the assay, use a 96-well plate to calculate $\Delta At = At Ac = 0.396 0.110 = 0.286$, $\Delta As = As Ab = 0.720 0.070 = 0.650$, bring into the formula to calculate.

FRAP activity (U/g mass) = $41.67 \times \Delta At \div \Delta As \div W \times F = 173.461$ U/g mass

3. 0.01 mL of sheep serum was aspirated and operated according to the assay procedure, and a 96-well plate was used to calculate $\Delta At = At - Ac = 0.126 - 0.070 = 0.056$, $\Delta As = As - Ab = 0.720 - 0.070 = 0.650$, which was brought into the formula to calculate.

FRAP activity (U/mL) =
$$41.67 \times \Delta At \div \Delta As \times F = 3.590 \text{ U/mL}$$

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Reference.:

pharmacy and

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pharmacology, 2011, 5(20):2213-2219.

[2] Natas a Mitic, Mohsen Valizadeh, Eleanor W.W. Leung, et al. Human tartrate-resistant acid phosphatase becomes an effective ATPase upon proteolytic activation [J]. Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics 439 (2005) 154–164.

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