

Protein Free Sulfhydryl Content Assay Kit

Note: Take two or three different samples for prediction before test.

Operation Equipment: Spectrophotometer/microplate reader

Catalog Number: BC5895

Size:100T/48S

Components:

Extract I: Liquid 40 mL ×1. Storage at 2-8°C. Extract II: Liquid 40 mL ×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

Preparation of extract solution: before use according to the sample volume in accordance with the extract I: extract II = 1 mL: 1 mL for the preparation, ready to use, do not mix all at once.

Reagent I: Liquid 120 mL ×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

Reagent II: Liquid 20 mL ×1. Storage at 2-8°C.If reagent II precipitated, reagent two can be placed in a 37 °C water bath heating until clarified and transparent after use.

Reagent III: Liquid 7 mL ×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

Reagent IV: Liquid 1 mL ×1. Storage at 2-8°C.

Standard: Powder ×1, Store at 2-8°C. 10 mg reduced glutathione (GSH). It was prepared to 25 µmol/mL by adding 1.3 mL of distilled water before use and can be stored at 2-8°C for 4 weeks.

0.125μmol/mL standard preparation: take 50μ L of 25μ mol/mL standard, add 950μ L of distilled water, mix thoroughly to formulate 1.25μ mol/mL standard; then take 100μ L of 1.25μ mol/mL standard, add 900μ L of distilled water, mix thoroughly to formulate 0.125μ mol/mL standard.

Product Description

The presence of sulfhydryl allows proteins to undergo disulfide bond formation, thereby maintaining molecular stability and functionality. Sulfhydryl are also involved in redox reactions and have important biological roles. In cells, changes in sulfhydryl content are closely related to the onset and progression of a variety of diseases, and thus sulfhydryl have become an important object of study in the biomedical field. **This kit determines the free sulfhydryl content of proteins.**

Under certain conditions, sulfhydryl group will undergo nucleophilic reaction, i.e. sulfhydryl group reacts with 5,5'-dithio-bis-nitrobenzoic acid (DTNB) to produce a yellow color compound with a maximum absorption peak at 412 nm, from which the free sulfhydryl content of protein can be calculated.

Reagents and Equipment Required but Not Provided.

Spectrophotometer/microplate reader, tabletop centrifuge, water bath, adjustable pipette, Micro glass cuvettes/96 well plates, acetone, mortar/homogenizer/sonicator and distilled water.

Procedure

I. Sample Processing



- 1. Tissue: according to the ratio of mass (g): volume of extract (mL) is 1:5~10 (it is recommended to weigh about 0.1g, add 1mL of extract) add extract, homogenize in ice bath and centrifuge at 4°C, 3000rpm for 10min, discard the supernatant. Add 2mL of Reagent I to the precipitate, stir well to dissolve the precipitate, and use the precipitate solution as a sample for the experiment. (Note: (1) plant leaves and other samples with high fiber content, dissolve the precipitate and centrifuge at 4°C and 3000rpm for 3min, then take the supernatant as the sample for the experiment; (2) a lot of air bubbles will be generated after adding Reagent I, please add slowly, and it is recommended to use 5mL EP tubes.)
- 2. Bacteria/cells: according to the ratio of the number of bacteria/cells (10⁶): the volume of extraction solution (mL) is 5~10:1 (it is recommended that 5 million bacteria/cells added to 1mL of the extraction solution), ultrasonic crushing in an ice bath (power of 200W, ultrasound for 3 seconds, an interval of 10 seconds, a total of 3min), centrifuged at 4°C, 3,000 rpm for 10min, and discarded the supernatant. Add 2mL of Reagent I to the precipitate, stir well to dissolve the precipitate, and use the precipitate solution as a sample for the experiment. (Note: (1) If the precipitate is not completely dissolved, centrifuge at 4°C and 3000rpm for 3min, and take the supernatant as sample for experiment; (2) a lot of air bubbles will be generated after adding Reagent I, please add it slowly, and it is recommended to use a 5mL EP tube).
- 3. Serum/plasma, milk and other liquids: Take 100µL of liquid sample and add 0.9mL of acetone, centrifuge at 4°C, 3000rpm for 10min, discard the supernatant. Add 2mL of Reagent I to the precipitate, stir well to dissolve the precipitate, and the precipitate dissolved solution is used as the sample for the experiment. (Note: If the measured value is small, you can change the ratio of sample to acetone, such as taking 0.2mL liquid sample and adding 0.8mL acetone or 0.3mL liquid sample and adding 0.7mL acetone, pay attention to synchronous modification of the calculation formula).

II. Determination Procedure

1. Preheat the spectrophotometer/microplate reader for more than 30 minutes, adjust the wavelength to 412 nm and set the counter to zero with distilled water.

2. Operation table (recommended for operation in 5mL EP tubes)

Reagent Name	Control Tube	Test Tube (A _T)	Blank Tube	Standard Tube
(mL)	(A _C)	7CF	(A_B)	(A _S)
Sample	0.3	0.3	50	-
Distilled Water	(6)	-	0.3	-
Standard	-		O PERSON	0.3
extract solution	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18
Please add the extract slowly and mix well, and blow repeatedly with a pipette tip until bubbles are no longer produced (a lot of bubbles will be produced in the meantime, open the lid and leave it for a while)			-	(C) - 1/2 -
Reagent II	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18

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The supernatant was centrifuged at 3,000 rpm for 10 min		
at 4°C and then placed in a 1.5 mL EP tube/96 well plates.	7.20	-

Supernatant	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
Reagent III	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.05
Reagent IV	-	0.01	0.01	0.01

Mix well and let it stand at room temperature for 10 min, then determine the absorbance at 412 nm and record it as A_C , A_T , A_B and A_S , respectively. Calculate $\Delta A_T = A_T - A_C$, $\Delta A_S = A_S - A_B$. The blank and standard tubes should be measured only 1-2 times. A control tube is required for each assay tube.

III. Calculation Formula

1. Calculate

1) Calculate by protein concentration

Protein Free Sulfhydryl Content (
$$\mu$$
mol/mL prot) = ΔA_T ÷ (ΔA_S ÷Cs) ×Vs÷ (Vs×Cpr) ×F
=0.125× ΔA_T ÷ ΔA_S ×Cpr×F

2) Calculate by sample weight

Protein Free Sulfhydryl Content (
$$\mu$$
mol/g weight) = $\Delta A_T \div (\Delta A_S \div C_S) \times V_T \div W \times F$
= $0.25 \times \Delta A_T \div \Delta A_S \div W \times F$

3) Calculate by the Liquid volume

Protein Free Sulfhydryl Content (μ mol/mL)= ΔA_T ÷ (ΔA_S ÷Cs) ×Vr÷Vsl×F =2.5× ΔA_T ÷ ΔA_S ×F

4) Calculate by the number of cells

Protein Free Sulfhydryl Content (
$$\mu$$
mol/10⁶ cell) = ΔA_T ÷ (ΔA_S ÷Cs) ×Vr÷N÷2×F=0.25× ΔA_T ÷ ΔA_S ÷N×F

Cs: Standard Tube Concentration, 0.125µmol/mL; Vs: Volume of sample added, 0.3mL; Cpr: Sample Protein Concentration, mg/mL, Protein concentration is measured separately. The BCA method is recommended.; W: sample quality, g; Vr: Volume of reagent I added during extraction, 2mL; Vsl: Sample volume of liquid added during extraction, 0.1mL; F: dilution factor; N: Total number of cells/bacteria, in 10⁶.

Note:

1. If the ΔA of the sample is <0.01, the sample volume can be increased appropriately and then measured, paying attention to the simultaneous modification of the blank and standard tubes and the calculation formula; if the ΔA of the sample is >1.5, the precipitation solution can be diluted with reagent I and then measured, paying attention to the simultaneous modification of the dilution factor in the calculation formula.

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Examples:

1.Take 100µL horse serum, according to the assay procedure, with 96 well plates measured $\Delta A_T = A_T$ - Ac =0.113-0.047=0.066, $\Delta A_S = A_S$ - A_B =0.417-0.105=0.312, according to the sample mass calculation of the total sulfhydryl content of proteins obtained:

Protein Free Sulfhydryl Content (μ mol/mL) = 2.5 × Δ A_T÷ Δ A_S =0.529 μ mol/mL.

2. 0.1036g of mouse liver was taken and operated in accordance with the assay steps. $\Delta A_T = A_T - Ac = 0.261-0.105=0.156$, $\Delta A_S = A_S - A_B=0.417-0.105=0.312$, and the total sulfhydryl content of protein was calculated according to the sample mass:

Protein Free Sulfhydryl Content (μ mol/g weight) = 0.25 × ΔA_T ÷ ΔA_S ÷ W × F =1.207 μ mol/g weight.

3, take 0.1078g of soybean powder, precipitation solution diluted 2 times with reagent I, in accordance with the measurement steps, using a 96 well plates measured $\Delta A_T = A_T - A_S -$

Protein Free Sulfhydryl Content (μ mol/g weight) = 0.25 $\times \Delta A_T \div \Delta A_S \div W \times F$ =0.788 μ mol/g weight

Related Products:

BC1370/BC1375 Total Mercapto(-SH) Content Assay Kit

BC1430/BC1435 Thiol Content Assay Kit (Non-Protein Sample)

BC5800/BC5805 Total Protein Thiol Content Assay Kit

BC5790/BC5795 Protein Disulfide Bond Content Assay Kit